of absorption, adsorption, compression, refrigeration, cycling, or a combination of such processes, from mixtures of hydrocarbons that existed in a vaporous phase in a reservoir and which, when recovered and without processing in a refinery, otherwise fall within any of the definitions of products contained in clauses (2) through (5), inclusive, of this paragraph (g).

(c) The amendments set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section 5 shall become effective upon the date of this amendatory proclamation with respect to the restrictions imposed by section 1 of Proclamation 3279, as amended, and on January 1, 1963 with respect to the maximum levels of imports prescribed by section 2 of Proclamation 3279, as amended, and, in connection with the making of allocations, shall be effective with respect to the allocation period beginning July 1, 1963.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 30th day of November in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and sixty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and eighty-seventh.

JOHN F. KENNEDY

By the President:

DEAN RUSK, Secretary of State.

Proclamation 3510

EFFECTIVE DATE OF SECTION 2 OF PUBLIC LAW 87-550

By the President of the United States of America A Proclamation

December 4, 1962

73 Stat. C25.

WHEREAS the provisions of Section 2 of the Act of July 25, 1962 (being "An Act to amend the Small Business Act"; Public Law 87-550; 76 Stat. 220) empower the Small Business Administration subject to certain conditions, to make loans to assist any firm to adjust to changed economic conditions resulting from increased competition from imported articles; and

15 USC 637a.

WHEREAS subsection (d) of that Section 2 provides as follows:

"(d) This section shall take effect on such date (on or after the enactment of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962) as the President may specify in a proclamation duly published in the Federal Register but in no case later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of such Act."; and

WHEREAS the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 was approved on October 11, 1962 (Public Law 87-794; 76 Stat. 872):

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JOHN F. KENNEDY, President of the Publication in United States of America, under and by virtue of the authority vested F. R. in me by the provisions of the above-quoted subsection (d), do specify December 10, 1962, as the effective date of the aforesaid Section 2 of the Act of July 25, 1962, and do direct that this proclamation be published in the Federal Register.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the city of Washington this fourth day of December in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and sixty-two, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and eighty-seventh. By the President:

proclamation with respect to the restrictions impo DEAN RUSK, Dean Rusk,
Secretary of State.

borred notinoolle off of Proclamation 3511 and flade anotinoolle to EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION CENTENNIAL

December 28, 1962

By the President of the United States of America A Proclamation 10 VID and to EVOU

WHEREAS January 1, 1963, marks the centennial of the Proclamation in which President Abraham Lincoln declared all persons held as slaves in States or parts of States still in rebellion to be "then, thenceforward, and forever free"; and

WHEREAS the issuance of the Emancipation Proclamation marked the beginning of the end of the iniquitous institution of slavery in the United States, and a great stride toward the fulfillment of the principle of the Declaration of Independence that "all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness"; and

WHEREAS the Emancipation Proclamation and the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments to the Constitution of the United States guaranteed to Negro citizens equal rights with all other citizens of the United States and have made possible great progress toward the enjoyment of those rights; and

WHEREAS the goal of equal rights for all our citizens is still unreached, and the securing of these rights is one of the great unfinished tasks of our democracy:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JOHN F. KENNEDY, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim that the Emancipation Proclamation expresses our Nation's policy, founded on justice and morality, and that it is therefore fitting and proper to commemorate the centennial of the historic Emancipation Proclamation throughout the year 1963.

I call upon the Governors of the States, mayors of cities, and other public officials, as well as private persons, organizations, and groups, to observe the centennial by appropriate ceremonies.

I request the United States Commission on Civil Rights to plan and participate in appropriate commemorative activities recognizing the centennial of the issuance of the Emancipation Proclamation; and I also request the Commission on Civil Rights and other Federal agencies to cooperate fully with State and local governments during 1963 in commemorating these events.

I call upon all citizens of the United States and all officials of the United States and of every State and local government to dedicate themselves to the completion of the task of assuring that every Ameri-